

- Constrictolumina planorbis* (Ach.) Lücking, M.P. Nelsen & Aptroot, in Lücking et al., Lichenologist 48(6): 756 (2016)
= *Arthopyrenia planorbis* (Ach.) Müll. Arg., Mém. Soc. Phys. Hist. nat. Genève 30(no. 3): 27 (1888)
= *Pyrenula planorbis* (Ach.) Trevis., Spighe Paglie: 17 (1853)
= *Sagedia planorbis* (Ach.) A. Massal., Ric. auton. lich. crost. (Verona): 161 (1852)
= *Spermatodium planorbis* (Ach.) Trevis., Conspect. Verruc.: 11 (1860)
= *Verrucaria planorbis* Ach., Syn. meth. lich. (Lund): 92 (1814)

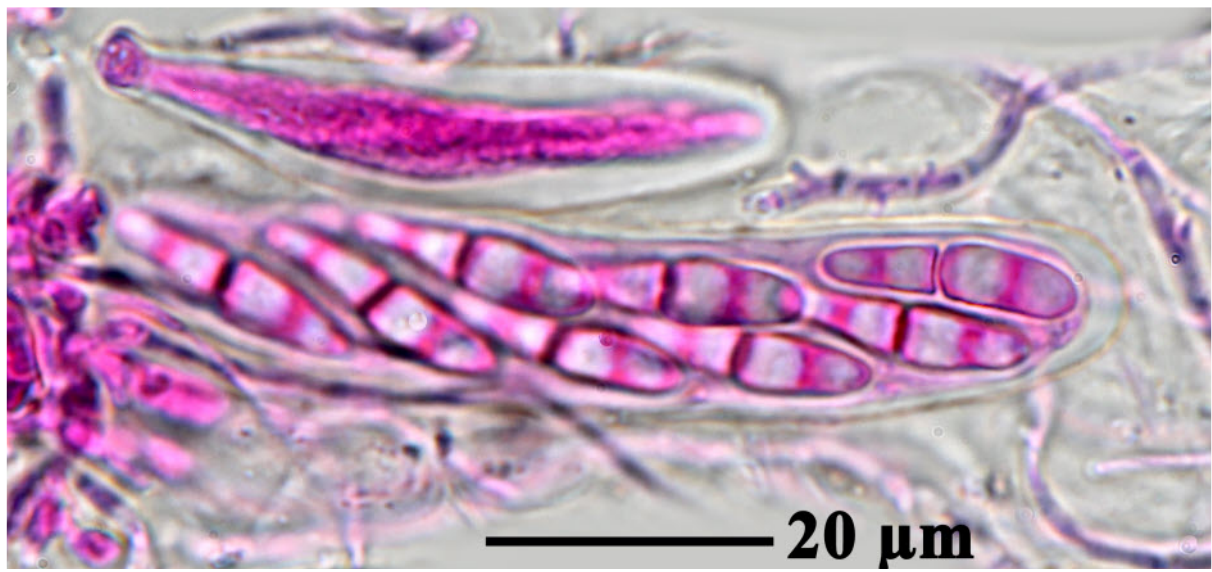
Ascocarps superficial to slightly immersed, hemispherical, 0.3-0.4 mm in diam.; ascocarp wall thinner or lacking below. Paraphyses slender, regular and thread-like. Asci narrowly elliptical, narrowly ovate or narrowly obovate, 75-110 x 12-18 μm . Ascospores uniseriate to biseriate, narrowly elliptical to narrowly ovate, with one or both ends pointed, 2-celled, rarely 4-celled in old age, cells approximately equal in size, cells constricted near the middle or rarely two constrictions per cell; perispore well developed, (13-)15-20 x 4.5-6.5 μm . Microconidia linear, 10-12(-15) x 1 μm .

[ABL18897], Papua New Guinea, Eastern Highlands, prov. Mount Kiss-Kiss, 1 km E of Goroka. On cultivated tree in open area. 145°24' E, 6°04' S, 1700 m. Leg. A. Aptroot (no 18897), 03.1987, det. A. Aptroot 1987.





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