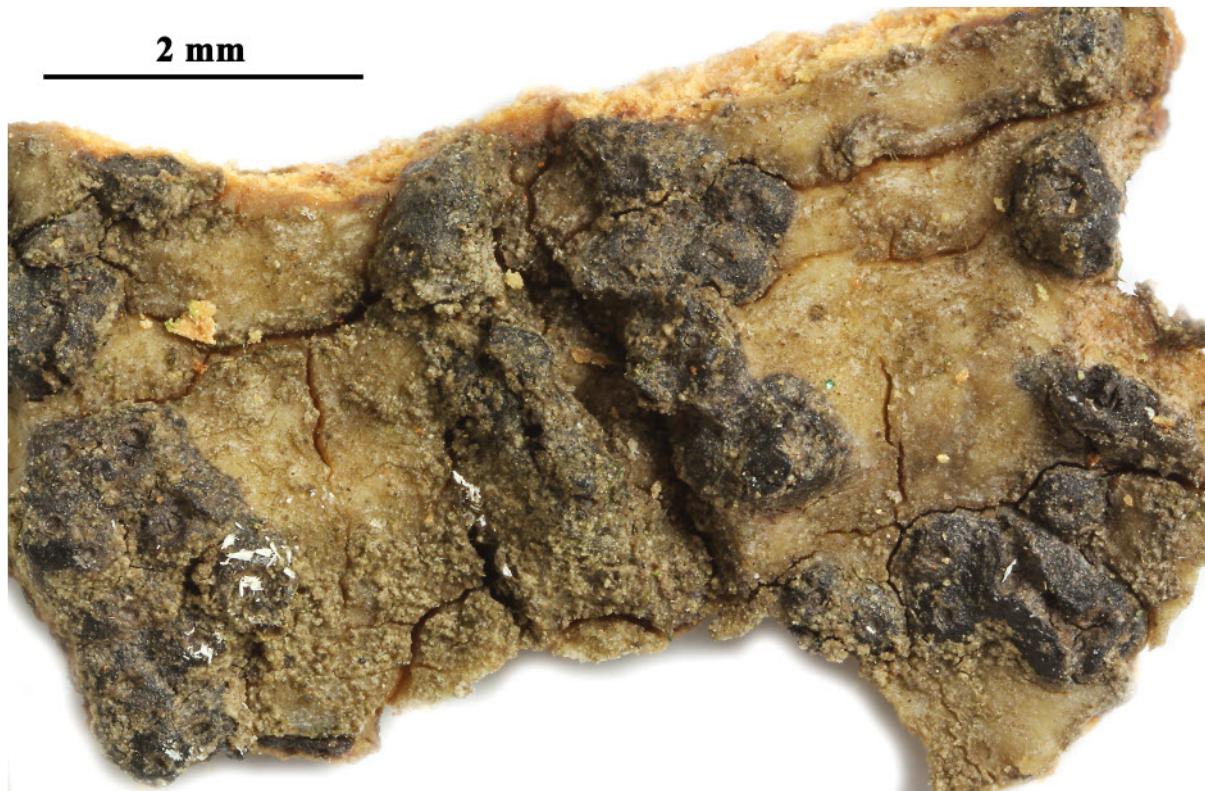


Pyrenula inspersoleucotrypa Aptroot, L.I. Ferraro & M. Cáceres, Lichenologist 46(1): 97 (2014)

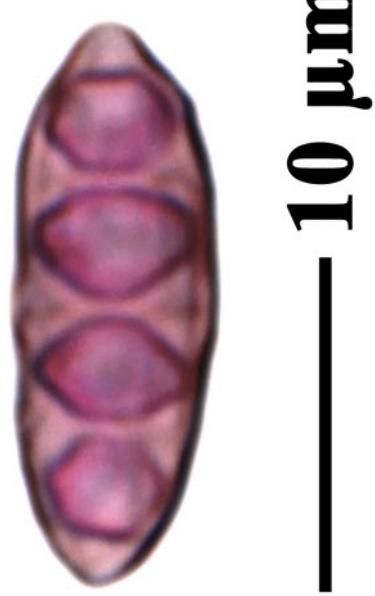
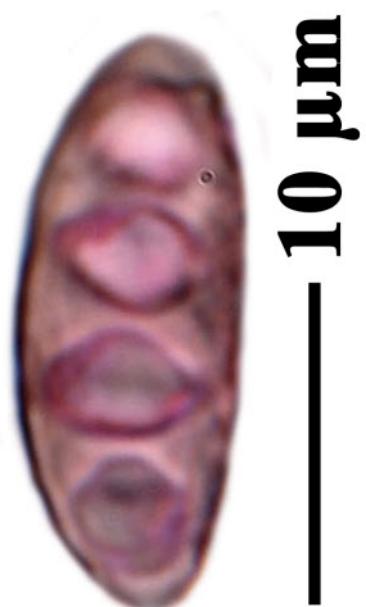
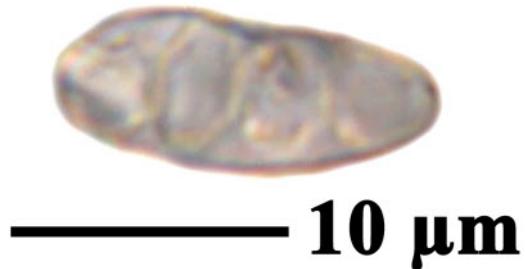
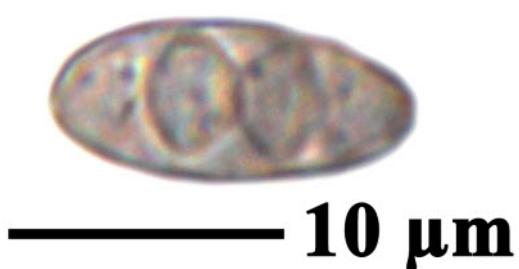
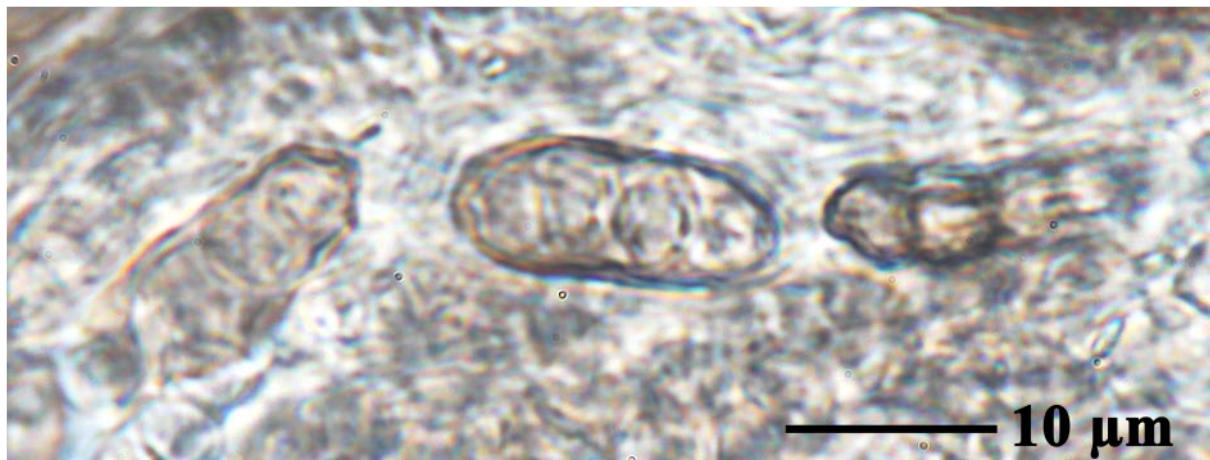
Thallus corticate, smooth, continuous, rather thin, olivaceous brown, without pseudocyphellae, surrounded by a black prothallus line. Algae trentepohlioid. Ascomata perithecioid, erumpent, 0.4 - 1.2 mm diam., black, conical with flattened tips, mostly aggregated in groups or lines of 2–8, with partly fused walls but separate ostioles. Wall carbonized all around, up to c. 100 µm thick. Ostioles pale brown, apical, flat. Hamathecium hyaline, inspersed with hyaline oil droplets. Ascii cylindro-clavate, with 8 ascospores. Ascospores brown, 3-septate, fusiform, without constrictions, 17–20 x 6.5–8.0 µm, ends obtuse but rather pointed, middle lumina broadly diamond-shaped, end lumina triangular, separated from the wall by thick endospore layer. Pycnidia not observed. Chemistry. Thallus UV-, C-, K-, KC-, P-. No substances detected by TLC.

[ABL11468], Brazil, Rondônia, Porto Velho, Parque Circuito, on *Hevea brasiliensis* bark in plantation. 8°43'54" S, 63°54'04" W, 100 m. Leg. M. Cáceres & A. Aptroot (no 11468), 11.03.2012, det. A.Aptroot, 2012. ISOTYPE.





Pyrenula inspersoleucotrypa



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